

The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 25. 1736.

N^o. 415.

Since our last arrived the Mails due from Holland, France and Flanders.



LETTERS from Petersburg say, that according to a List sent to the War Office, the Loss sustained by the Russians this Campaign not only at Prekop, but in the Crim Tartary, and on the Boristhene, does not exceed 10,000 Men, including all that have died of Sicknesse any other Accident; so that the Rumour that almost one half of the Army was ruin'd, seems to be owing to Malice. — The last Advices they had from Turkey say, that the Grand Vizier had indeed passed the Danube with his Army, but that all he meant by it, was to cover the Provinces that lie upon the Dnieper, and that he was actually preparing to put his Troops into Winter Quarters. — Of all that the Persian Minister at the Russian Court says true, the Report that the Emperor of Mogul had declared War against the new Sophy, is as plausible as another Report that was tack'd to it, That the new Sophy was for the same Reason in Hurry to make his Peace with the Turks without the Participation of the Russians, contrary to the Treaties subsisting between the two Courts. But the Russian Court is now very easy upon this Article, having received a Confirmation of what the above Minister has declared, by an Express from Persia, who says, that when he came away, the new Sophy was at Caswin in the Province of Hierack, between Tahan and Tauris, and that instead of detaching his Troops towards the Frontiers of Mogul, he was sending for Forces from thence to strengthen his Army against the Turks.

M. Celsius, Mathematical Professor in the University of Upsal, who went with the Gentlemen of the French Academy to the North of Sweden to make Observations for determining the Figure of the Earth towards the Artick Pole, has wrote to one of his Friends at Stockholm, that the many Lakes and Marshes in that Country, and the Woods upon its Mountains, render'd their Undertaking at first very difficult; but that at length they have been able to draw 6 great Triangles from the one Mountain to the other, on both Sides the River Torna, viz. from the City of Tornea on the Northern Gulph of Bothnia Pello, which is 10 Swedish Leagues from it, and by the help of those Triangles, they have drawn a Line, which they think at least as determinate as the Grand Meridian of the Observatory at Paris. This adds in his Letter, that he has sent to London a Sector of 4 Degrees, made by Graham, and when they have received it, they shall be able to determine the Difference of the Elevation of the Pole at Tornea and Pello, with which they shall conclude their Observations. He observes, that the last Year in Lapland have been intolerable.

The last Advices from Constantinople by the Way of Vienna say, that a Peace is just on the Point of Conclusion between the Turks and the new Sophy of Persia, and that Russia was to be included in it. Those from Hamburg, mention Part of the Misfortune that was done by the great Storm on the 9th instant, particularly on the Elbe, where several Ships were driven from their Anchors and run aground, and Boats cast away with Passengers, and several were lost; as was also a great Tract of Country by the Inundation of that River, owing to the high Wind Tide. — The same Hurricane did great Damage to the Houses, Mills, and Forests, at and about Hamburg: And several Wrecks of Ships have been cast off of Dunkirk, Ostend, and other Parts of the Dutch Coast.

They write from Ratisbon, that tho' the Emperor's Commissary, and the Ambassador of Mentz, have signified to the Man who calls himself the Prince de Chalcon, that his Constitution will suffer the Air of that City, he is so far from shifting his Quarters, that he has just publish'd a new Memorial, with a particular Map of all the Countries of which he claims a Restitution. He exhorts the Ministers of the several Princes, to espouse his Interests, in case of Refusal, threatens to yield his Pretensions to France. The said Memorial being drawn up in very seditious Terms, there's great Search after the Printer, in order to make an Example of him.

Letters from Hanover say, that his Majesty was complimented by all the Nobility there, on the Anniversary of his Coronation, and that they are making great Preparations to celebrate his Majesty's Birth Day with great Splendor and Magnificence, in hopes that they shall be favour'd with his Royal Presence.

There is little Dependance upon the Accounts in the Foreign Papers, relating to the Match said to be on Treaty for one of their Royal Highnesses, since Letters even from one, and the same Place, talk of two different Princes, who are designed for that Honour. Thus, one Correspondent writes from Hamburg, that the Talk is reviv'd of the Marriage of Prince Frederick, eldest Son of Prince William of Hesse Cassel, to one of our Princesses, and that a numerous Household is forming for him at the Expence of his Uncle, the King of Sweden. And another Person at Hamburg, who pretends to great Intelligence says, that the chief Business for which his Excellency Mr. Walpole lately went thither, was to have a Conference in a neighbouring Castle with the Duke of Holstein Gottorp's, President of the Council; and some will have it, that the Duke himself was there incog. to settle the principal Articles of the Marriage Contract, depending with one of the Princesses of England. At the same time, there are Letters from Hanover, which seem to confirm the Report in Favour of the Duke of Holstein, and say, that the Talk of the Prince of Hesse Cassel's Marriage is laid aside; but the Truth of any Report of this Kind, must be left to Time, which in all probability will soon decide it. — They add from Hanover, that they have had a pretty good Fair at Leipzick, tho' the East Country Merchants were hindered from resorting to it, by the War betwixt the Muscovites and Turks.

They write from Utrecht, that the Earl of Athlone, whose Death at Marbourg in Hesse, we lately mentioned, was eldest Son of the Countess Dowager of Athlone, Hereditary Countess of Nassau, who resides at the Castle of Amerongen, in that Province. The Distemper that carried him off on the 8th Inst. at Night, after only 5 Days Illness, was the small Pox. He was but 20 Years and 8 Months old, and his Name was Godard Adrian: His Titles were Baron of Reede and Aghrim, Earl of Athlone, and Baron of Amerongen, Ginckle and Aloft. His good Qualities, and the Hopes he gave of being a great and good Man, make him very much lamented by the whole Family. He was Son to the late Earl of Athlone, who was Lieutenant General of the Dutch Forces, and Governor of Sluys, in Flanders, and acquired a great Reputation in their Service during the late War. The Corpse of the Deceased is to be carried to Amerongen, in order to be interred in the Church there, in the Vault of his illustrious Ancestors. The Baron de Rhee, his Brother, who is about 19 Years old, and studied with him at the University of Marbourg, succeeds him in his Honours, and his Estate which is very considerable.

Letters from Venice say, that the Senate has received Dispatches from their Minister at Constantinople, with Advice, that the Grand Signior mightily carelessness the Persian Ambassador, but carries it with great Indifference to the Ambassador of the Emperor, and that a Peace between the Turks and Persians is not doubted of.

Those from Schaffhausen, and indeed all the Letters from Italy confirm, that the Spaniards don't seem in any Disposition to evacuate Tuscany; but on the contrary, some say they are fortifying themselves there, and shortly expect a Reinforcement.

There's nothing new relating to Corsica, where the Rebels have now under Consideration, certain Proposals offered by the Genoese, which consist in a general Pardon for such of the Chiefs and Subalterns, as are inclined to return to the Obedience of the Republick; and for their Encouragement, they are promised an Exemption from all Taxes for 10 Years, on Condition of their supplying the Government with a certain annual Quota of Troops.

Letters from Leghorn, mention the Difference that has happened there between the Spaniards and the

English, on Account of the Spaniards having taken some of their Deserters by Force, out of the English Ship called the *Pigeon*, who were Accomplices in the Murder of the Captain of that Ship; and they add, that the English having interred the said Captain without Leave of the Government, before the Coffin had been search'd, the Corpse was taken out of the Ground again by Order of the Government, for the Sake of maintaining its Jurisdiction: Both the English and the Spaniards, are so warm in their own Cause, that 'tis much taken Notice of, and therefore it may not be amiss to state the particular Fact, as 'tis related by good Hands at Leghorn, viz. Three English Seamen who had been in the Service of Spain but deserted, escaped on board the English Ship the *Pigeon*, then at Anchor at Leghorn, wherein a few Days after they helped the Crew to murder the Captain. The Spaniards, when they heard that the Fellows were got aboard this Vessel, demanded them of the English Vice Consul, who, after Mr. Skinner's Death, had the Care of the Affairs of this Nation: But the Vice Consul refused to deliver them, alledging, that as they had been concerned in the Murder of the Captain, they ought to be subject to the same Punishment as the rest, when tried by the Laws of England. The Spaniards, not satisfied with this, sent a Detachment of Grenadiers on board the English Ship, which took out the three Seamen and carried them to the Citadel of Leghorn, where they were put in Irons. Upon this, the French and Dutch Consuls at that Port, have joined Issue with the English Vice Consul, and have, in concert with him, complained to the Spanish commanding Officer at Leghorn; 'That by this Seizure, the Rights of Foreign Flags have been violated, and that therefore they desired speedy Satisfaction might be made as the Case required.' The Spaniard gave Notice hereof to the Duke de Montemar, who returned for Answer, 'That as he could not decide this Affair of his own Head, he thought himself obliged to inform his Court of it, and to wait for the proper Orders from thence.'

They have Letters at Leghorn from Barcelona, with Advice, of the great Preparations making there for some Expedition, which seems to be intended for a long Voyage, because they are putting on board 15,000 Tun of Water, besides 24 heavy Cannon, and a great Quantity of Ammunition.

They have newly had Advice from Tunis, by an English Ship, that the Affairs of that Kingdom are in a bad Way, the Old Bey ravaging the whole Country, and occasioning such a Scarcity in the City of Tunis, that Corn was risen to 12 Crowns the Measure.

According to Letters from Turin, they expect very soon that the King of Sardinia will declare the Princess whom he has Thoughts of marrying, and that Preparations are actually making to receive her with extraordinary Magnificence. Orders are given to line the Apartment which the Queens commonly reside in at the Palace, with Crimson Velvet embroidered with Gold of a new Pattern. A stately Coach is making for his Majesty at Milas, which will cost him above 7000 Piftoles, and his Majesty has sent one of his Grooms to Germany to buy 36 Coach-Horses, the best he can pick up.

The Letters from Lisbon bring a more particular Account of Don Emanuel the King's Brother. They say that he set out from thence on the 3d of September, at 11 o'Clock at Night, without saying a Word to any Mortal of his Reasons for going away so far unseasonable an Hour. The Court knew nothing of his being gone till next Day; and then they heard that he was accompanied by his Confessor, and a Gentleman whose Name was Don Rodrigo d'Alicastro, two foreign Lackeys, and a Capuchin, who had bought up a good Quantity of Jewels for him in the City. The King has thought fit to take particular Notice of this Prince's precipitant Departure, and has not only sent Orders to his Frontiers and Ports to stop him, but one of his Secretaries of State has, by his Order, given Information of it to the foreign Ministers, their Consuls and Vice Consuls, and the Captains of their Ships.

The Prince of Asturias at Madrid, has also received a Letter from her Father, the King of Portu-

gal, acquainting her of his sudden Eloquence, and that a certain Lady of Lisbon withdrew herself privately from thence some Days before, who, 'twas to be feared, would seek to draw him into Measures unworthy of his high Birth; and therefore he earnestly intreated their Catholick Majesties to give Orders for preventing his Entrance into their Kingdom. The Princess of Asturias having instantly communicated this Letter to the King and Queen, their Majesties dispatch'd Col. du Val, with two Couriers for Alcantara, and Orders, if the Prince Emanuel comes, or is already there, to treat him with all the Respect due to his Rank, and to persuade him by all Means to return to Lisbon. — As to the Lady, the Colonel is ordered to take her up if she be in Spain, and clap her into a Convent.

An Express which left Madrid the 6th Instant O.S. arrived at Paris on the 12th, from the French Ambassador at the Spanish Court, who brought the News that Don Joseph Patinho, the King of Spain's Secretary, was given over by his Physicians, and that 'twas thought he could not live another Night. Mean time their Catholick Majesties begin to cast about for a fit Person to succeed him in that high Employment, which takes in all Affairs of the Monarchy, the Navy, the Finances and War. The Prince Campo Florida, a Sicilian, who acted under Patinho, and has a great Share in his Majesty's Confidence, stands fair to succeed him in the Foreign Province, and the others are like to be shar'd between the President of the Council of Castile, Don Petragas, the Count de Montijo, and the Bishop of Cordova, who took care of the Spanish Affairs at Rome, before he was push'd out by the Cardinal Acquaviva.

L O N D O N .

Last Monday se'night being the Anniversary of his Portuguese Majesty's Birth-day, who entered into the 48th Year of his Age, Sir John Norris, with all the Captains of his Fleet, went to Court and complimented the King and Queen on that Occasion, and afterwards gave a grand Entertainment on board the Britannia, under several Discharges of the Cannon of the whole Fleet.

Yesterday their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, came from Kew to Kensington.

The same Day the Rev. Dr. Medecote, preached in the Royal Chapel at Kensington, before her Majesty, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Princesses Amelia and Caroline. And,

The Rev. Dr. Briggs, preached before his Highness the Duke of Cumberland, and the Two youngest Princesses, in his Highness's Apartment.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Kent set out for his Seat at Wreft, in the County of Bedford.

Last Sunday died at his Houle at Chatham, in an advanced Age, Capt. William Conforth, an old Commander in the Royal Navy.

Yesterday Morning William Lane of Chelsea, Esq; was married at Chelsea to Miss Mary Gibbs, one of the Daughters and Coheiress of George Gibbs, Esq; of North End, a young Lady with a Fortune of 5000l.

The same Day their Graces the Duke and Duchess of Chandois, came from their Seat at Cannons, to their new House in Cavendish Square.

Last Wednesday died at Colehester, the Rev. Mr. Jackson, M. A. one of the Prebends of Canterbury.

Last Tuesday Night about Eight o'Clock. Mr. Ward, a Gardener at Chelsea, was attacked under Chelsea Park Wall by Three or Four Foot Pads, who knocked him down, robbed him of Eighteen Pence, and made off. Mr. Ward had been that Day to receive some Money, but left it at a Friend's House, and 'tis supposed, the Rogues had some Intelligence of a large Booty.

The same Evening about Seven o'Clock, Mr. John Guilford, Apprentice to Mr. Cartwright, an Apothecary at Chelsea, was attacked at Stamford Bridge by Two Foot Pads, who robbed and stripped him of his Money and Cloaths, and made off.

On Saturday last being the first Day of Michaelmas Term, the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor, Judges, and Serjeants at Law, went with the usual Formality to Westminster Hall, and several Persons who stood bound over for Givers Misdemeanors, appeared on their Recognizances at the King's Bench, and were further continued.

The same Day a Dispensation passed the Great Seal to enable the Rev. Mr. Samuel Terrick, M. A. Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Chandois, to hold the Rectory of Elvetham, in the County of Southampton and Diocese of Winchester, together with the Rectory of Eltham, in the County and Diocese aforesaid.

On Saturday last was taken up and examined before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, one Joseph Antill, who kept a notorious Bawdy House in Black and White Court in the Old Bailey, on a violent Suspicion of murdering Capt. Innis; we hear the Discovery was as follows: One Jane Terry, of Hanging Sword Alley, who lived as a Mistrel to the said Antill, having had some Difference with him, he kick'd her out of Bed, and used her in a vile Manner; on which she upbraided him with Capt. Innis's Murder, &c. The Master continuing a few Days, she went and acquainted some Persons that had been injured, in regard of the said Murder, who immediately got a Warrant and secured him, and afterwards went to the House of Mr. Gordon in Hanging-Sword Alley, where the said Jane Terry lodged; but the not being at Home, there were 3 or 4 other Persons ready to depose what the said Jane had told them, in relation to the said Murder; they went before his Lordship, and while his Mittimus was making, the said Jane Terry came with several others, and swore that Antill told her he gave the Captain one Blow, and likewise swore that he had the Captain's Sword, and that he had been very uneasy ever since the Murder. He did not positively deny any one Thing that was swore against him. One Walker (the Lad who saw the Link-man put out his Light and wrest the Cane out of the Captain's Hand) was sent for, and put into a Room amongst upwards of 20 Men, and soon singled him out, saying, That was the Man that ran after the Captain when the Link man had took his Cane from him. The said Antill was committed to the Poultry Compter, in order to be further examined this Day.

The same Day the Affair so long depending in the Arches Court of Canterbury, between Mrs. Mead and a certain Noble Peer, was determined by Dr. Bertesworth, Judge of that Court, who after summing up the Allegations on both Sides, gave it in favour of his Lordship, with Costs.

Yesterday the Corpse of Mrs. Catherine Page, Wife to John Page, Esq; Member in the last Parliament for Great Grimsby in Lincolnshire, was carried out of Town in order to be interred at Dodgington, near Chichester in Sussex. She was Daughter to Robert Knight, Esq; formerly Cashier to the South Sea Company.

This Day a great Match is to be run in Tothill-fields for 100l. between Mr. Kettle's Gelding and Mr. Paterson's Bay Mare.

On Saturday last two Women were committed to Tothill-fields Bridewell, for retailing Spirituous Liquors about the Streets contrary to the late Act, there to be kept to hard Labour for Two Months pursuant to the said Act.

On Wednesday Night last the Usher to the Rev. Dr. Baker's School at Hays near Hunnington, was robbed between Uxbridge and the said Place, by three Foot Pads, who knock'd him down, took from him 18s. beat him in a very barbarous Manner, tied him to a Tree and left him.

A Room is hung in Mourning at the late Earl of Berkeley's House in Spring Garden, Charing-cross, for the Reception of his Body, which we hear is to lie in State there.

On Saturday last Mr. George Dalby, General Surveyor of the Distillery, made an Information before Colonel De Veil, against one William Leavesly and Elizabeth Bowers, for Hawking, exposing to Sale, and selling Spirituous Liquors by Retail, in Flasks and Bottles about the Streets; and they were both convicted upon the Oath of the said Dalby, and their own Confession; and both of them refusing to pay the Penalty of Ten Pounds each, pursuant to the Statute in that Case made and provided, they were, as the said Statute directs, committed by the said Colonel to the House of Correction at Tothill-fields Bridewell to hard Labour for Two Months.

A few Days since Mr. Vaughan, an Attorney, at Mr. Hues, over-against the Baptist-Head-Tavern, Chancery-Lane, had the Operation for a Cataract made by Dr. Taylor, after his new Manner, and he is already permitted the free Use of his Sight. Dr. Taylor's Journey to France, is deferr'd till March next; and we are assured, he will give his Assistance to no Person, at his House in Suffolk-street, but before Eleven in the Morning, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

B A N K R U P T S .

Thomas Hamilton, of New Bond-street, in the Parish of St. George Hanover-square, in the County of Middlesex, Upholder.

Francis Williams, of Portsmouth Common, in the County of Southampton, Chapman.

Saturday Bank Stock was 149. India 1-8. South Sea 99 5-8ths to 3-4ths. Old Annuity 113 1-4th. New Ditto 110 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 105 1-half. Emperor's Loan 116 3-8ths. Royal Assurance 112. London Assurance 15. Africa 16. India Bonds 51. 18s. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 51. 15s. Premium. South Sea ditto 41. 2s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 11. 2s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies 3 to 5 Premium. English Copper 21 8s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-half to 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 117.

East India House, October 20, 1736.
THE COURTS of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East India, hereby give Notice, for the Convenience of such who can not bring their Bonds by the limited Time, that upon the Proprietors of the Bonds signifying on or before the 1st November next, under their Hands, with the Place of their Abode, that they consent to have their Bonds changed for Three per Cent. Bonds, in the following like Form, such a Notice shall be registered, and the Bonds shall be marked, in order to be so exchanged, when the same can be produced; and that the Clerks in the Account Office are ordered to attend every Day, Sundays excepted, to mark such Bonds as shall be brought, and to receive said Notice, viz.

"I do hereby desire and agree to exchange the following East India Bonds, amounting to the Principal Sum of £. for other Bonds amounting to the same Sum, carrying Interest at Three per Cent. from the 31st of March 1737, pursuant to the Resolution of a General Court of the East India Company, held the 24th of September last.

Nº | Names | Sum

This Day is Publish'd, (Enlarg'd with an Appendix, containing a New Theory of the Deluge)

MR. WHISTON'S NEW THEORY of the Earth, from its Original to the Consummation of all Things. Wherein the Creation of the World in Six Days, the universal Deluge, and the general Conflagration, and down in the Holy Scriptures, are shewn to be perfectly agreeable to Reason and Philosophy

Printed for John Whiston, near Water-Lane, Fleet-street. N. B. The Appendix may be had separate, to former Editions. Price 6d.

Where may be had, written by the same Author, The Primitive Eucharist Revived; in answer to the Plain Account of the Lord's Supper. Pr. 6d.

An Enquiry into the Evidence of Archbishop Usher's Recantation to Popery; with Reasons to prove it a Folly. Price 6d.

Six Dissertations on Josephus, the Eclipse at Christ's Birth, the Sacred Chronology, with Remarks on Sir Isaac Newton, Daniel, and the Revelations, &c. Price 4s.

The Sibylline Oracles in Greek and English, with a Dissertation of them. Pr. 2s.

This Day is Publish'd, In Two Volumes in Twelves, THE EIGHTH EDITION, of

THE LIFE and strange surprizing Adventures of ROBINSON CRUSOE, of York, a Fisherman, who lived Twenty-eight Years alone in an uninhabited Island on the Coast of America, near the Mouth of the River Oronoque; having been cast on Shore by Shipwreck, wherein all the Men perished but himself. With an Account how he was at last strangely delivered by Pyrates. Written by himself.

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half Moon between two Temple Gates in Fleet street.

Where may be had, 1. The Life and Actions of that Ingenious Gentleman Don Quixote de la Mancha; the Three first Books in Spanish and English. Price 3s.

2. The Posthumous Works of William Wycherley, Esq; Prose and Verse; faithfully published from his Original Manuscripts.

Where also may be had, THE HISTORY of Japan. Giving an Account of the ancient and present State and Government of that Empire, its Temples, Palaces, Castles, and other Buildings; its Metals, Minerals, Trees, Plants, Animals, Birds, and Fish; of the Chronology and Succession of the Emperors Ecclesiastical and Secular; of the Original, Ancient, Religion, Customs, and Manufactures of the Natives, and of their Trade and Commerce with the Dutch and Chinese. Together with a Description of the Kingdom of Siam. Written in the Dutch by ENTHALMUS KAMPERA, M. D. Physician to the Dutch Embassy to the Emperor's Court, and translated from his original Manuscript, never before printed, by J. SCHREUER, F. R. S. and Member of the College of Physicians in London, with the Life of the Author, and an Introduction. To which is added, Part of a Journal of a Voyage to Japan, by the English, in the Year 1673. Illustrated with many Copper Plates. In Two Volumes in Folio.